## Study on the effect of different plant growth hormones on callus formation of explants of *Acalypha indica* on MS media.

## Chandrakant

PG Department of Microbiology, Hindustan College of Arts & Science, Padur- 603103, Chennai, India. Corresponding author email: raghu\_drn@yahoo.co.in

From National Conference on Natural Products as therapeutics, Medical Microbiology, Nanobiology and System biology: Current Scenario & Emerging Trends, 'NATCON-2014'.

Post Graduate & Research Departments of Biochemistry, Microbiology, Biotechnology and Bioinformatics, Mohamed Sathak College of Arts & Science, Sholinganallur, Chennai-600119, India. 18-19 September 2014.

American J of Bio-pharm Biochem and Life Sci 2014 September, Vol. 4 (Suppl 1): P 69

## **ABSTRACT**

Plant tissue culture is one of the most rapid growing areas of biotechnology because of its high potential to develop improved crops and ornamental plants. *Acalypha indica* of Euphorbiaceae family has several medicinal properties like cathartic, anti-hermitic expectorant, emetic, anodyne and hypnotic. The medicinally useful parts of the *Acalypha indica* includes leafs, roots, stalk and flowers. The major constituents present in *Acalypha indica* are alkaloids, acalypus. The aim of the study is to produce callus culture of *Acalypha indica* explants such as leaf, node and inter-node on MS media. The results were observed is callus on the 8th day of inoculation.

Published: September 2014.